GFVM1045-03 Group 6 Narrative Research Project

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O I Introduction

Research Topic

1st Topic:

Matter of life & Death

2nd Topic:

Legacy for Hong Kong Older Adults

Objectives of this project: Discover the Legacy for elderly

- Use "Tree of Life" as Narrative Practice Tool to DISCOVER & COLLECT their life stories
- Through Open Ended Question in the conversation
- Collaborate with the elderly to verify the trustworthiness of their stories
- Analyze the Primary values(Core value) and its characteristics of Hong Kong's elderly
- & Examine the factor that INFLUENCE the construction of their Legacy

O2 Background of the Problem

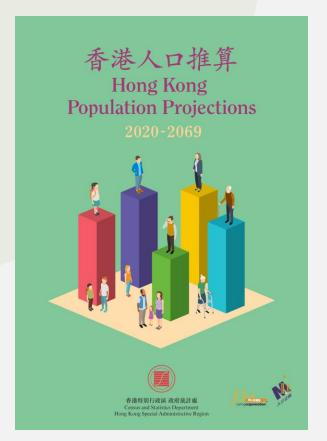
Aging Problem in Hong Kong

Now: Large Elderly Population

- Population aged 65 or above 7% in
 1981 to 20% in 2021 (SCMP)
- 13.4% in 2011 \rightarrow 19.3% in 2021
- 2 out of 10 Hong Kong persons aged
 65 years or above (Hong Kong Census
 & Statistics Department)



Aging Problem in Hong Kong



Future: Aging situation will be worsen

- By 2030, it is estimated that individuals aged 60 or above will account for 33.6% of the entire population (WHO)
- Increase to 39.3% by 2060 (Hong Kong Population Projection)

Problem of the issue for elderly in HK: Caused by External Factor

1. Insufficient medical resources

- Over 46% of the hospital day-beds are occupied by elderly (HK elderly commission)
- Access to medical care lost for Chronically ill & emergency elderly patients

2. Poverty

- Poverty line: half of income median
- 32% of citizens aged 65 or above live in poverty (around 391,200 elderly people)

(Hong Kong Poverty Situation Report 2019)

Problem of the issue for elderly in HK: Caused by Internal Factor

1. Physical Health

- According to National council for elderly(65+)
- 80% at least 1 chronic condition & 68% 2 more chronic condition
- 58% hypertension (high blood pressure) & 47% high cholesterol

2. Mental Health (Emotional, Psychological and Social well-being)

- Sign of depression are present in approximately 10% of the Hong Kong elderly population
- Around 20% for elderly living who are cognitively impaired (JC JoyAge)
- Pandemic

03 Literature Review

What are they Fear?

- 1. Losing significant others
- e.g. partner
- 2. Left behind by family
- Concern about family
- (Thinking of themselves is a **burden**)
- 3. Loneliness
- 4. Fear of death

What is Death?

- Unavoidable
- Irreversible
- Christianity view:
- Death is the consequence of sin
- Separation of soul from body

What is Legacy?

Definition

- Something that RECEIVED or HAPPENED from someone in the past.
- Kongzi: "Our bodies to every hair and bit of skin are received by us from our parents" 「身體髮膚,受之父母」
- Bible: "The memory of the righteous will be for a blessing" (Proverbs 10:7)
 「記念義人帶來祝福」

Formation (Range from Memories to Material Heritage)

Tangible

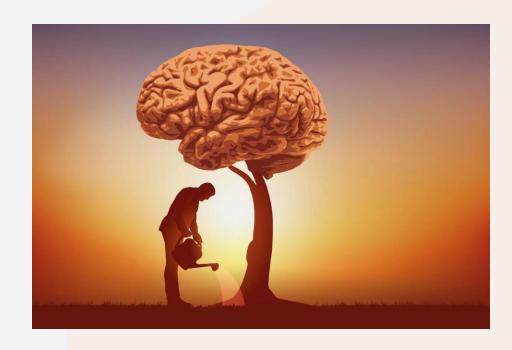
- Thing with values or meaning
- e.g. Property

Intangible

- Influence of their actions, words & decisions
- e.g. Relationship, Belief, Ideas & value

What is Legacy?

- Legacies can provide a sense of continuation to survivors
- They can pass on the following:
- 1. Wisdom
- 2. A **good trait** from the person
- 3. Commitments & Principles of Living

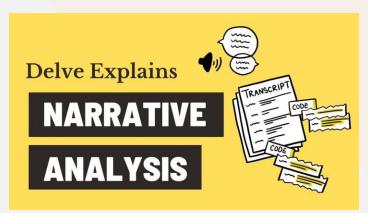


Narrative Research

Definition

 Collecting & Analyzing personal accounts to describe experiences & interpretations (including stories, interviews, journals & photographs)

- Qualitative research Method
- Emphasize elderly's **expression** & **interpretation** of their life & story
- Understanding their perspective of life and death
- Identify in Hong Kong:
- Commonalities (Thematic Analysis) &
- 2. Mode (Social Phenomena)
- Defend Complexities & Diversity



Tree of Life

- The **USE** of Visual Metaphor
- Allow for a certain guidance in showing their life stories & Legacies
- Clear & Specific presentation
- Tree of Life is divided into three parts & representing a person's life:
- The Past
- 2. Present
- 3. Future



Legacies we wish to leave to other

5.LEAVES

People who are important to us

3.THE TRUNK

Skills, Abilities, Values & Talents

1.THE ROOTS

The Past

6.FRUITS

Gifts that have been passed to us

4.THE BRANCHES

Hopes, Dream & Wishes

2.THE GROUND

Present Life

O4 Methodology

Working Process of Methodology

Step 1: Define the Research

Topic / Problem

Preparation of First & Second Question Guide



Step 2:

Literature Review

Understand the related situation



Step 5:

Discussion

Grouping our Finding



Discuss the limitation & Suggest future research directions



Step 3: Data Collection

First & Second Visit





Step 4: Data Analysis

First & Second Thematic Analysis, Tree of life

Our Visiting Centre

Asbury Methodist Social Service Neighbourhood Elderly Centre:

- Encourage elderly:
- Actively integrate & participate in the community
- 2. Living a healthy, respected & dignified life
- Promote services that assist elderly

Mission 使命 To live out Christian values, serve people with love, embrace justice and mercy, and co-build an inclusive society. 承傳基督精神, 關愛服務人裁, 慎微公義問行, 互建共助社會。 Core Values Purpose 宗旨 核心價值 真摯顯愛 商心保險. Develop primary healthcare services. Passionate promote well being and a healthy Care Stestyle for all sectors of the community, through collaborative Health Care and healthcare partnerships. 理会社员力量,建立全理模样、似即有需要 High 发育和供替、核准等少年參與權利建立自身 Professionalism 情情。推動詞代及社區共和。 Support the needy, encourage youth participation and metablah their Youth, Family and inclusive support network for the Community Care Continuous Innovation 即会社会赚偿、独力项目不回股份的人士及 **内部员工、容得饱和、银料能力、精能建立** 可持續性人才难。誰社會和市場維持機能 憐憫公義 Build a sustainable pool of internal and external telents, through training Merciful and development, to support the future development of MC and the Justice Talent Care community 堅守誠信 司多元如例斯多法, 提供身心社需全人照顧 及一條條之表者的原顧者解除。 Uncompromising Offer a holistic care to the elders and

Integrity

their carers, with a tallored and

innovative approach.

Before 1st Visit:

Preparation of First Question Guide

22238581 HO Chung Hei (Group Leader)

22238352 CHEN Ho Hin 22257160 CHEN Zhouvi

22214070 HO Hing Shing

22258469 SHU Haoxuan

1. The Roots (The past) 1. 根 (過去)

- (1) What is/was your occupation? (1) 你的職業是什麼?
- (2) What's your name? (2) 你叫什麽名字?
- (3) Where do you come from? (3) 你從哪裡來?
- (4) Have you ever been to ...(somewhere famous)? (4) 你曾經去過... (某處著名的地方)嗎?

2. The Ground (Present life) 2. 地面 (現在的生活)

- (1) What regular activities do you choose to spend your spo (1) 您選擇哪些常规活動來打發業餘時間?
 - Doing sports, reading books or something else? 做運動,看書還是別的什麼?
- (2) What's your daily routine now? (2) 你現在的日常生活是怎樣的?
- (3) Why do you choose these activities and continue to do (3) 你為什麼選擇這些活動並繼續做下去?
- (4) Are you satisfied with your life now? Why? (4) 你對現在的生活滿意嗎?為什麼?

3. 樹幹 (技能、能力、價值觀和天賦)

- (1) Which skills do you think you have? (1) 你認為你有嘅些技能?
- (2) Does your daily activities mentioned above he factors that help you develop these skills? (2) 您的上述日常活動是否有助於您發展技能
- (3) Do you think these skills are essential to your (3) 你認為這些技能對你的生活是否必不可少
- (4) Which part of your life would you like to use y (4)你會希望用你的技能,幫助自己生活的那一

4. The Branches (Hopes, dreams and w 4. 樹枝 (希望、夢想和願望)

- (1) What hopes do you have during your lifetime, accordingly?
- (2) Will you want the next generation to have hop experience to share with them? (2) 你會寄語下一代都有希望、夢想同願嗎?」
- (3) Why do you have these hopes? Is there any ex (3) 你為什麼有這些盼望? 背後有經驗嗎?
- (4) What has sustained your hopes? (4) 是什麼支撑了你的希望?

5. Leaves (People who are important to 5. 葉子 (對我們重要的人)

- (1) Has that significant other grown for you? (1) 那個重要的人對你有成長嗎?
- (2) Do they have special characteristics, relationsh
- (2) 他們是否有特殊的特徵、關係或與您的經濟
- (3) Which people do you think are important to yo (3) 你認為哪些人對你很重要,為什麼?
- (4) What did your parents teach you? (4) 你的父母是怎麽教你的?

GFVM1045 Gp6 1st O1 3. The Trunk (Skills, abilities, values at 6. Fruits (Gifts that have been passed to us) 6. 水果 (贈予我們的禮物)

- (1) What kind of gift would you like to receive? (Whether it is tangible or intangible to guide by
- (1) 你希望收到一份怎樣的糟物嗎? (通過舉例引獲是有形覆是無形)
- (2) Why are these gifts unforgettable? (2) 為什麼這些禮物令人難忘?
- (3) Do you think there are any reasons for them to give you these gifts, for example, they appreciate you or to thank you for your contribution to their life? (3) 你認為他們送你這些禮物有什麼理由嗎,比如他們欣賞你,或者歐辦你對他們生活的賣
- (4) Do you receive any unforgettable gifts in your life? (4) 你在生活中收到過什麼難忘的禮物嗎?

7. Flowers and Seeds (Legacies we wish to leave to others) 7. 花朵和種子 (我們希望留給他人的讀產)

- (1) Why do you think these legacies are so important to leave to others?
- (1) 你一生有什麼希望,相應地在哪個時期有) (1) 為什麼你認為這些遺產留給別人如此重要?
 - (2) What legacies do you wish to leave to others? (2) 你希望绘别人留下什麽遺產?
 - (3) As the receivers, what care and support do you think should have to carry the legacies forward? (3) 作為傳承的人,您認為應該有哪些關懷和支持來傳承?
 - (4) Do you believe everyone has legacies left for others? (4) 你相信每個人都有留給別人的遺產嗎?

First Question Guide

- Prepare Open-ended Question about Tol. to ASK
- **Relaxed & Comfortable Topic**
- Establish trust with the interviewee

Avoid:

- Sensitive Moral issues
- **Presumptions Question**

Before 1st Visit: Ethical consideration

	香港設會大學宗教及哲學系 課程 GFVM1045 (Section 3)
	參與專題研究同意書
同意書之目的	
谦参與者知悉並明白學	主專题研究之目的及權利。
專題內容	
研究期目	從人生回顧敘事實踐中,探索香港長者與大學生在服務學習中尋找長者的傳承:協作敘事研究
研究目的	探索運用生命之層的敘事練習工具,學生能否與長者共同發現。 傳承的人生故事關景
日期及時間	2023年2月22日 及 2023年3月22日 下午2時里下午3時45分
 為了協助學生進行 有關專閱研究內容 收集到的資料部份 有待研究報告及檢 	是改專期研究的哲學及檢討工作的連結、遊程將有文字樂音影像記錄。 超程及故院對核於國際的問辦與同样中,一切珍典都的身份資料持會被的 有定據則用學傳統學研究出版的用途,一切獎率各等身份材積檢 材工作完成是,所有資料即越致越。 是有接受文字樂音響機的安轉,亦可讓時要求停止以上所很及之活動。和
 為了協助學生進行 有關專閱研究內容 收集到的資料部份 有待研究報告及檢 參與者可自由決定 	战程及結果將被稅維於研營報告兩件內。一切參與者的身份資料將會被保 有可能被用作學術教學。研売出版的用途。一切參與者的身份資料將會被保 計工作完成後。所有資料即被毀越。
 有關專題研究內容 收集到的資料部份 有待研究股份及檢 参與者可自由決定 的運用。 	相应及及实验转起上的企业需要公司中心。一切参考或命令专项转移金额处理 可能规则中用格度可以选项的进。 如果美有的身份支持有价值 比上作完成是。所有实际的效应。 论分配文文字像音测像的安装。在可能等要求停止以上用很及之质量。和 雙型
1. 為了讓助學生进予 2. 有簡單關硬架內學 3. 收集到研究外部份 4. 有分研究報告及檢 5. 參與都可自由決定 的運用。 我用自上走車腦母 1. 口同後2年	相似及是实验的社员外们需要们的时代。一切原则或自分合分容别补偿的保证 (可能用约年的保证金加速的用途,如果实现合力容别有价格会 比工作完成施。所信官用助致效益。 是否接定文字编音图像的安排,亦可能特要求非止以上用但及之语像。和 雙型 完全上的,内容从原则。 完全上的,内容从原则。 完全上的,内容从原则。 定: 不必定于他会理解定:
	相似及是实验和此处。但需要信仰中心。一切原则或的心分的容易补偿的股份 可能用的空格性等之也能力加速。一切原央的分价管计等合致。 拉工作完成是。所有资料的致效效。 是否接受文字编音图像的安排,亦可能可要求停止以上升级及之质值。和 更更更加度。 更更加度。 更更加度。 更更加度。 使用度。 使用度。 使用度。 使用度。 使用度。 使用度。 使用度。 使用
1. 為了協助學生進行 有關專聯經內內等 3. 收集到的資料經營 有有時經濟內及輸 多與者可自由決定 的運用。 北期自上達專題 1. 口同數戶 2. 口同數戶 4. 口同數戶	解反及是实验就是控制的国家的审价。一切原则或的企为资料等价值的 可能用的净相等度可比较的用途,可购卖的合金设置计符合按定 打工作完成施。所信官用助比效应。 经有限文字编音增强的实验,亦可靠特要求非止以上用但及之语像。和 雙想 完全人目的,内市及原则,等 "不不是"使为增强研究。 "还是"使用"决工学商品"完全的发展的信息,没 不是是"专编研究的"高程及从美容核化验验得更得的用作的。 无法是"专编研究的"高程及从美容核化验验得更得的用作的。 无法是"专编研究的"高程及从美容核化验验得无知识的用途。
	解反及是实验就是控制的国家的审价。一切原则或的企为资料等价值的 可能用的净相等度可比较的用途,可购卖的合金设置计符合按定 打工作完成施。所信官用助比效应。 经有限文字编音增强的实验,亦可靠特要求非止以上用但及之语像。和 雙想 完全人目的,内市及原则,等 "不不是"使为增强研究。 "还是"使用"决工学商品"完全的发展的信息,没 不是是"专编研究的"高程及从美容核化验验得更得的用作的。 无法是"专编研究的"高程及从美容核化验验得更得的用作的。 无法是"专编研究的"高程及从美容核化验验得无知识的用途。
1. 有了级场学生进行 (葡萄鄉鄉学門外 3. 吃熏奶的读料商的 4. 有待每字梯及梯 5. 参判者可自由决定 的强用。 1. 口回致少 2. 回时致少 4. 口回致少 4. 口回致少 4. 口回致少 4. 口回致少 4. 口回致少 4. 口回致少 4. 口回致少 4. 口回致少 4. 口回致少 4. 口回致少	解反及是实验就是控制的国家的审价。一切原则或的企为资料等价值的 可能用的净相等度可比较的用途,可购卖的合金设置计符合按定 打工作完成施。所信官用助比效应。 经有限文字编音增强的实验,亦可靠特要求非止以上用但及之语像。和 雙想 完全人目的,内市及原则,等 "不不是"使为增强研究。 "还是"使用"决工学商品"完全的发展的信息,没 不是是"专编研究的"高程及从美容核化验验得更得的用作的。 无法是"专编研究的"高程及从美容核化验验得更得的用作的。 无法是"专编研究的"高程及从美容核化验验得无知识的用途。

Consent Form:

- We have **High interaction** with elderly
- Involve sensitive topics and issues
- Protection of Human's Right
- 2. Understanding more about the Research Topic
- Ensure the legitimacy & credibility of the research
- > Only if the participants **AGREE**, the research **BEGIN**

Roles of First & Second Interview

	Interviewer	Materials	Photographer	Recording	Jot Notes
HO Chung Hei	\bigcirc	\bigcirc			\bigcirc
CHEN Ho Hin	\bigcirc	\bigcirc			\bigcirc
CHEN Zhouyi	\bigcirc	Ø		Ø	
HO Hing Shing	\bigcirc	Ø	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	Ø
SHU Haoxuan	\bigcirc	Ø		\bigcirc	

First Visit



- Through a one-hour interview with Mr. Tsui
- Our Tasks:
- Ensure he fully understand our research work (Ethical Considerations)
- 2. Listen to & Record his authentic life story
- 3. Draw a Draft of the ToL
- Based on the information in 1st Meeting
- Established our research directions:
- 1. Contentment
- 2. More Detail of his life stories
- 3. Traditional Chinese (Teochew) family Thoughts

Result of First visit



1. Clear the **background** of elderly

2. Convenient to **ask** questions later

3. Open the **conversation** with the elderly

First thematic analysis

Themes	Sub - Themes
Conducting background exploration	 Organizing personal traits Find out identity formation & personal values Contrast between past and present lifestyle
Uncover the profound meaning of his life experiences	 His multicultural upbringing & work experience Critical life events and turning points: A retrospective analysis The value system & decision making
Analyze the relationship between his key rules of life and difficult times	 How life principle affects his life Influence of significant people & events on personal development
Discover lifespan development of expectations and aspirations	 Aspiration in shaping personal development Strategic actions for meeting expectations Expectation between the past & present
His role in family and friendship	 Precious experiences & memories The significance and value of learning from their relationship Understanding his role & responsibilities in the relationships

Before 2nd Visit:

Modification of Second Question guide

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1. The Roots (The past)

1. 根 (過去) (1) What was your previous profession/long-term daily res

- feel or remember these experiences? (1) 你曾經有過甚麼職業/長久的日常職資(非職業)?
- (2) What is your name? Does your name have any special
- (2) 你叫甚麼名字?你的名字有甚麼特殊的含義或故事
- (3) Where are you from? How has your hometown, culture
- (3) 你來自哪裡?你的家鄉、文化或曾經逗留的地方對

2. The Ground (Present life) 2. 地面 (現在的生活)

- (1) What do you like to do to relax? Why? (1) 你现時或曾經喜歡做某麼來放點自己?為甚麼?
- (2) What is your daily life like now? What do you think is (2) 你現在的日常生活是怎樣的?你覺得最讓你感到滿
- (3) What do you think you gain from doing these activities (3) 你覺得在做這些活動時獲得了甚麼?而讓你一直堅

3. 樹幹 (技能、能力、價值觀和天賦)

- (1) What skills or talents do you think you possess (1) 你認為你具備哪些技能或才能?
- (2) Do you think your daily life helps you develop you develop these skills? (2) 你認為你的日常生活是否有助於您發展這! 些技能?
- (3) Do you think these skills are important to your (3) 你認為這些技能對你的生活很重要嗎?為?
- (4) How would you like to use your skills to help (4) 你會希望用你的技能怎樣幫助自己生活的!

4. The Branches (Hopes, dreams and w 4. 樹枝 (希望、夢想和願望)

- (1) What are your hopes and dreams in life? Why (1) 你一生中有哪些希望和夢想?為甚麼有這時
- (2) Would you like to send a message to the next 1 how to use your experience to share with them? (2) 你會寄語下一代都有希望、夢想同願嗎?1
- (3) How would you realize your dreams? What pr (3) 你會如何實現自己的夢想?你認為需要做明
- (4) Have you ever realized your dreams? What is (4) 你曾經實現滿自己的夢想嗎?你的經驗是?
- (5) What is the relationship between your own dre (5) 你認為自己的夢想、目標與社會、其他人?
- (6) What are your expectations and goals for your (6) 你對於自己的生活有所哪些期許和目標?

5. Leaves (People who are important to 5. 葉子 (對我們重要的人)

- (1) What have you learned and grown from impor (1) 你從重要的人身上學到了甚麼東西、令你不
- (2) Do they have special qualities or experiences t (2) 他們是否有特殊的特質或經歷,使得他們!
- (3) Who do you think is important to you and why (3) 你認為哪些人對你很重要,為甚麼?

GFVM1045 Gp6 2nd O 3. The Trunk (Skills, abilities, values at 6. Fruits (Gifts that have been passed to us) 6. 水果 (贈予我們的禮物)

- (1) What tangible or intangible gifts have you received? What impact have these gifts had on you? (1) 你曾經收過哪些有形或無形的禮物?這些禮物為你帶來了怎樣的影響?
- (2) Why are these gifts so special and memorable to you? (2) 為甚麼這些禮物為甚麼如此特別,今你難忘?
- (3) Do you think there is any meaning or special reason behind these gifts? (3) 你認為這些禮物背後有甚麼意義或一些特別的原因?
- (4) How have the gift-givers influenced your life? (4) 你認為送禮物的人對你的人生有甚麼影響?

7. Flowers and Seeds (Legacies we wish to leave to others) 7. 花朵和種子 (我們希望留給他人的遺產)

- (1) Which people or things have had a profound impact on your life? What do you want to become your legacy from these experiences?
- (1) 你曾經有哪些人或事物對你的牛命產牛深遠影響?今你想從這些經歷中成為你的讀產?
- (2) What legacy do you want to leave behind? Why is it so important to you? (2) 你希望留下的遺產是甚麼?為甚麼對你這麼重要?
- (3) What do you want the next generation to learn from your legacy? Are you willing to contribute to
- (3) 你希望新一代能夠從你留下的遺產學到甚麼?你願意為此作出甚麼貢獻?
- (4) What do you think you may leave as a legacy now or in the future? What is their value? (4) 你覺得自己現在或未來可能會留下其麼遺產?它們的價值是其麼?

- Original Question Guide:
- Too broad &
- NOT closely
- Related to their UNIQUE life stories
- More Open-ended Question
- > To be more **Specific & In-depth**
- To gather more content
- > Final Colorize Version of Tol.
- Invite him to draw with us
- Focus on listening to the Main points
- Correct ERROR in our initial assessment made during the 1st visit





\$500 Wellcome Supermarket Cash Voucher

- Based on his contented personality
- Hoping he has more choices

Chinese Green Tea

- Lowering blood sugar, blood lipids & cholesterol
- Reducing the risk of cardiovascular disease

Australian Deep Sea Fish Oil Essence

- · With the same functions as Green Tea
- Protecting eyesight & enhancing memory



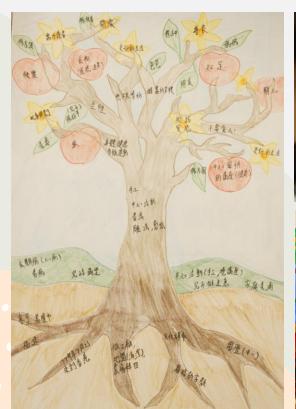


Second Visit

Closer relationship & More effective research after 1st Visit

- Expressed gratitude with a gift
- Asked remaining questions
- Understand his life story
- Focused on Legacy relationship to align with research topic
- Presented Tree of Life drawing as a gift
- Shared findings at end of interview

Result of Second visit









First & Second Verbatim



1st Verbatim: Record about 27 Pages



2nd Verbatim: Record about 22 Pages

Second thematic analysis

Themes	Sub - Themes
Exploring how changes in his living environment shape his values	 How his growth stages reflect his "contentment is happiness" personality The role of "contentment" in promoting his personal satisfaction Comparing personal experiences influence his health & happiness choices
Exploring his views on "friends"	 Analyzing the importance & function of friends during times of adversity Examining how personal experiences have illustrated the detrimental effects of "bad friends"
Analyzing his focus on traditional marriage values of "till death do us part"	 Analyzing the reasons for his successful & stable marital relationship Revealing his thought processes regarding family composition & immigration to Hong Kong Evaluating how traditional family values influence his emphasis on his wife
Understanding his desire to pass on "ordinary kindness" to his family and future generations	 Exploring his family relationships & his "let nature take its course" approach Analyzing the expectations and requirements he has for his children Evaluating the significance behind his children's given name Exploring traditional gender role stereotypes in Chaozhou families

O5 Presentation of Findings

Background information of the elderly

Basic info

Age: 81 years old

Born: Indonesia

Residence: Wong Tai Sin

Indonesian Chinese

(Hokkien)

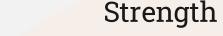
• A little bit shy

Friendly

Contented

Creative

Personality



Previous Work
Experience:
Hobbies:

Farmer, Factory & Construction Worker
Handicraft

Siblings: Child:

Grandchildren:

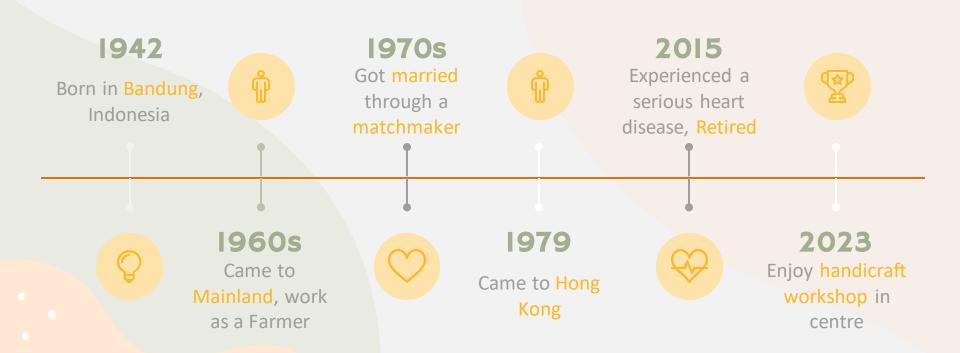
Marital Status:

3 Brother & 1 Sister 1 Son & 2 Daughter 7 Grandsons

Married

Family

Time Slot of the Background



Life Experience | Hard times

- In the 1960s, he went to mainland China to work as a farmer.
- During the famine, he had to work intensively during the day & be responsible for farm security at night, causing him great pain and unhappiness.

- He began to feel determined to come to Hong Kong to seek a better life.
- Believing that:
- "Being content with a simple life is a blessing."

Life Experience | Friends

- Sneaked into Hong Kong with his wife on July 23, 1979
- Left their three children behind in mainland China
- Reunite with family in Hong Kong with the help of friends and relatives

- Experienced financial struggles in Hong Kong & struggled to afford meals
- Received help from their friends again during this difficult time

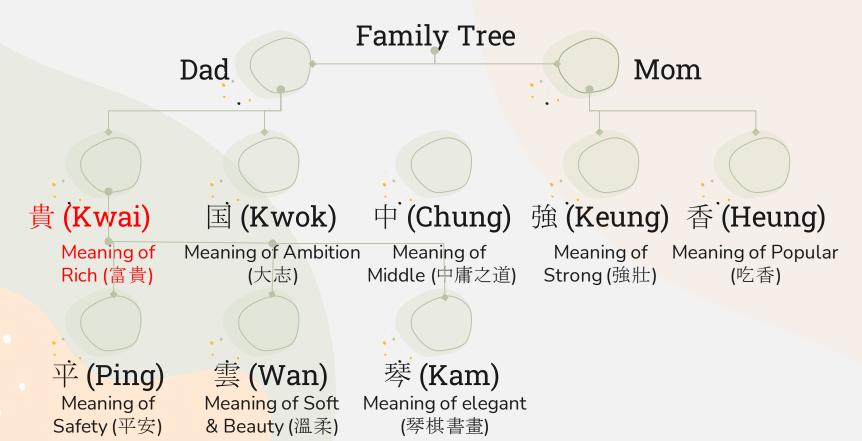
- Teaching him the importance of :
- "Relying on friends when living away from home."

Life Experience | Serious illness period

- Needed Heart valve replacement in 2015 due to heart problems
- Sought medical treatment in mainland China without success
- Comprehensive medical system in Hong Kong allowed for proper treatment
- Successful recovery after receiving treatment

- Despite restrictions in daily activities & diet
- He emphasized the importance of good health for happiness
- Stated that "Only with good health can one have happiness" after experiencing a significant illness

Legacy (Meaning of the Given Name)



Elderly Legacy

1. Be CONTENT (知足) & Avoid GREED

- Having gone through the difficult period in mainland China & extreme poverty in Hong Kong
- Many ordinary things that are now readily available were considered luxuries
- Pass on the value of cherishing to the next generation

2. Having a HEALTHY Body

- Good health is the foundation of EVERYTHING in life
- Aging & serious illness serve as a reminder of its importance
- "ONLY with good health can one enjoy happiness"

Elderly Legacy

3. Study Hard

- With only a Form 1 education, can only take on limited & strenuous jobs
- Low level of education can impact future choices
- While a higher level of education leads to better job opportunities with higher pay
- Prevent others from experiencing the same difficulties

4. Be a KIND person

- Kind people around him have helped him in the past
- Therefore, he wants to promote & spread this spirit to others as well

O6 Discussion of Findings with the Literature

Explanation & Discussion (Life Value)

唔好諗太多啦,最緊要開心多啲·····一直諗亦有用嘛,諗有咩用 最主要自己可以過得愉快,要食咩就食啦。諗(咁)多嘢有用架。

"Don't overthink it, the most important thing is to be happy... There's no point in constantly thinking about things. Thinking doesn't accomplish anything, the most important thing is to enjoy life, eat what you want to eat. There's no point in thinking too much."

- Daoism Lifestyle
- Three Treasures(三寶):
- I. Inaction
- 2. Simplicity
- 3. Living in harmony with

Nature



Explanation & Discussion (View on Death)

出世之前咩都有,死之後咩都有。

"Before birth, there was nothing; after death, there will be nothing."

- Daoism is described as "Nothingness"
- The concept of Eternal oblivion entail the belief that the mind ceases to exist or function permanently after death. (Vasquez,2021)

Explanation & Discussion (Legacy)

我希望啲後生仔要學……好啲啦。

"I hope the younger generation can learn... to be kind."

讀書好將來自己有前途呀……我自己讀書少,好多嘢都唔明,做嘢又唔方便呀。

"Studying is good for one's future prospects... I didn't study much myself, so there's a lot I don't understand, and it makes it difficult to do things."

Wisdom pass on for future generations (Intangible)

O7 Recommendations

Future Research

- Asking Open-Ended Questions
- Related to the topic is key to keeping elderly engaged & on track during conversations
- This approach encourages them to share relevant experiences & perspectives in meaningful way, while also novel insights

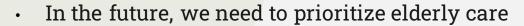
Policy making

- Our research has provided valuable insights into the life values of elderly
- Revealing that health & happiness are the most important to them
- These findings highlight the need to prioritize these two thing in policy-making

Increasing Community Resources

e.g. Financial Support to elderly centre to renovate & organize more activity

Local implementation





- Local government agencies should:
- 1. Organize more activities for the elderly
- 2. Spend more time with them & listen to their stories



Nurses in elderly care facilities should be carefully selected for their caring & compassionate nature.



The government should implement policies that benefit the elderly & help them overcome difficulties

O8 Limitations & Reflections

Limitations | Difficulties

- 1. Heavy Indonesian & Teochew accents of the elderly
- Difficult for us to understand them
- 2. Ineffective communication by Generation Gap
- 3. Easily shift focus of topic
- **4**. **Too short** meeting time
- 5. Not all Group members understand Cantonese well

Self-evaluation

Through this course & Service-Learning Experience

- Regarding the Legacy of the elderly
- Improve communication skills
 with people of different age
 groups
- Facilitate a Meaning-Making
 process for their life stories

- Elderly place great value on their traditional value
- Cultural inheritance of the previous generation has influenced their view
- How the past has impacted the present
- Legacy can be Simply & Clear inheritance goal

e.g. "Simplicity is a blessing" 「平淡是福」

Our Strengths | Weaknesses

Our Strengths

- Building good relationship with the elderly
- Create a friendlycommunication atmosphere
- Keep a complete record of conversation content
- > Increase Authenticity
- Good teamwork & division of labor

Our Weaknesses

- Lack of a planned interaction flow
- Unclear expression
- Easily creating awkward silences
- Lack of time control

09 Conclusions

Conclusions |

- Legacy is highly valued by the elderly
- Allow them to reflect on their past & share their life experience with future generation → inspire Future Generations
- They prioritize a simple & contented life, kindness and avoid greed
- The elderly's concepts of death is influenced by Taoism
- Through two life story-sharing sessions,
- We gained insight into their perspectives and the challenges in modern society
- This Narrative Research emphasizes the importance of understanding the elderly & gains deeper insight into their experiences

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THANKS

